

Stream 2 Science Issues

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What we've learned from 2009 Demo

- EnKF with high-res models can improve forecasts, especially ensembles, both global and regional models
- But, there are problems:
 - Initial vortex undergoes adjustment (tends to decay).
 - Can't use inner core obs very well (at least in global models).
 - Forecasts of storms in highly-sheared Atlantic this year were not very good.
 - Some models generate lots of spurious storms, esp. in E. Pacific.
 - Rapid intensification was hit or miss.
- For regional models, cloud-permitting ensemble analysis and/or forecasting assimilating inner-core obs show promise, but high-res alone clearly is not enough.

What needs work

- Models (i.e parameterizations)
 - Better diagnostics, tying together modeling, data assimilation and obs. diagnostic efforts to evaluate models.
 - What limits skill? (examine the reasons for the success and failure of the past experiments)
- Representation of model error in ensembles (especially important in tropics).
 - Stochastic physics?
 - Multi-model ensembles?
- How to deal with “representativeness” issues for obs within hurricane (and non-gaussian observation errors).
- Regional and global EnKF systems should be tightly integrated.
- Calibrating probabilities estimated from ensemble (ensemble reanalyses/reforecasts?).
- Methods for sub-sampling analysis ensemble.

What's next?

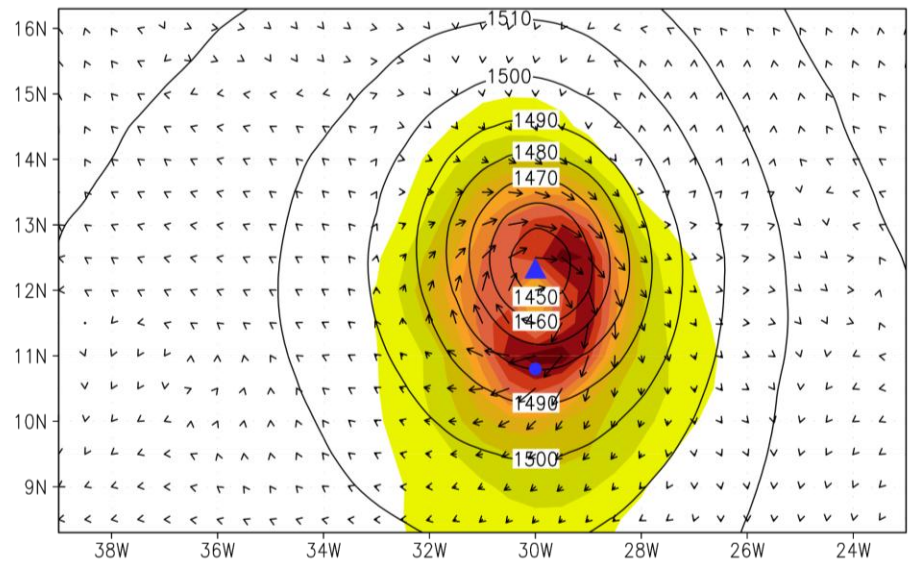
- A proposal for future HFIP demo:
 - Continue global EnKF analysis and forecast as in 2009. Multiple models (FIM, GFS, GFDL)? Increase resolution to 15km?
 - Perform multi-model (ARW, HWRF, COAMPS-TC) cloud-resolving regional-scale ensemble forecast at identical resolution and domains using global EnKF analysis as ICs, forecasts as BCs.
 - Continue experiments of regional-scale EnKF analysis and forecast with high-resolution inner-core observations.
 - Perform OSEs, develop diagnostics to assess models, ob impacts.

Hurricane Fred 00Z 9 Sep

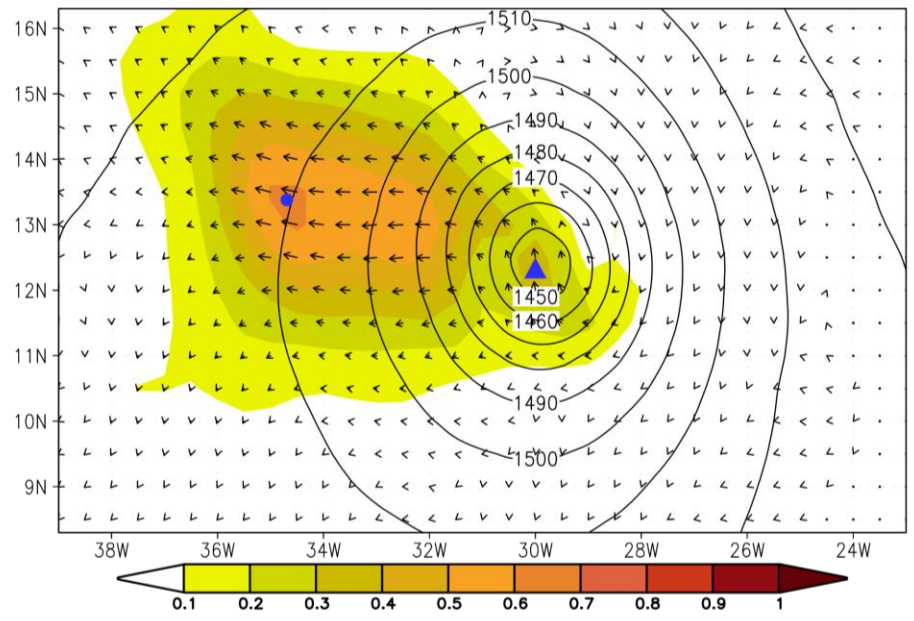
Single ob increments for 850 hPa u ob 1 m/s different than background.

- Increments highly flow dependent.
- Analysis “knows” there is a hurricane.

u850 S of center
fg= 13.6 ob= 6.59



u850 500 km W of center
fg= -3.88 ob= -6.3



- Solid contours:** 850 hPa background geopotential height.
- Colors:** wind speed increment
- Arrows:** vector wind increment
- Blue triangle:** hurrican center.
- Blue circle:** location of ob.

5-day event total rainfall forecast - downscaled with WRF/ARW at 4.5km on inner nest

Prob Precip > 1 meter

Obs pre on obs grid (black frame used for areal average)

Obs pre from 0600UTC to 0900UTC mm

